## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (Amended)

Method of identification and quantitative analysis of [alcohol(s)] <u>alcohols</u> in a sample by mass spectrometry using stable isotope labeled internal standards is provided. [Said] <u>Stable isotope</u> internal standards [is] <u>are</u> prepared by reaction of an authentic sample of [said] <u>the</u> alcohols with a stable isotope labeled reagent, and is added to a sample [containing said] <u>containing the</u> alcohols. [Said] <u>The</u> alcohols in [said] <u>the</u> sample <u>mixture</u> [is] <u>are</u> then quantitatively converted to [a] chemical compounds of identical structure, except the stable isotope atoms, as [that] <u>those</u> of [said] <u>the synthesized stable isotope labeled</u> internal standards using a non-labeled reagent. [Said] <u>The</u> sample <u>mixture</u> is then extracted and the extract is analyzed by mass spectrometry. Identification and quantification of [said] alcohols are made from a plot of ion ratio of [said] <u>the</u> converted [alcohol] <u>chemical compounds</u> to [said] <u>the stable isotope labeled</u> internal standards versus alcohol concentration.